

### Radioisotope

Ac-225 Actinium-225  
actinide metal  
T<sub>1/2</sub> : 9.9 days

### Production

Th229 / Ac-225 generators.  
Other methods under  
development

### Radiation

Alpha particle (α)

### Use

In study for the treatment  
multiple advanced solid  
cancers: cervical,  
endometrial, ovarian, breast  
(triple negative and HER2-  
negative), head and neck  
squamous cell,  
adrenocortical carcinoma,  
uveal melanoma.

### Target/Mechanism

<sup>225</sup>Ac-FPI-1434 contains a humanized monoclonal  
antibody moiety that targets the insulin-like growth  
factor-1 receptor (IGF-1R). IGF-1R is a tyrosine  
kinase receptor expressed in numerous chemo and  
radio-resistant cancers. <sup>225</sup>Ac-FPI-1434 internalization  
causes cell death primarily through double-stranded  
DNA breaks induced by alpha particles emitted from  
the decay of Ac-225.

### Insight

A Clinical Phase I/II study with <sup>225</sup>Ac-FPI-1434 using the indium analogue for SPECT  
imaging and selection of patients, <sup>111</sup>In-FPI-1547 was initiated in January 2019  
(NCT03746431).

**N patients:** 253 participants

**Design:** first-in-human Phase I/II, non-randomized, multi-center, open-label clinical  
study to investigate safety, tolerability, PK, and preliminary anti-tumor activity in  
patients with solid tumors;

Single dose-ascending cohorts and multi-dose  
ascending cohorts of <sup>225</sup>Ac-FPI-1434 and Multi-  
dose ascending cohorts evaluating administration of  
FPI-1175 (cold mAb), followed by, <sup>225</sup>Ac-FPI-1434  
(cold + hot), with cycles repeating every 42 days

**Preliminary results:** <sup>225</sup>Ac-FPI-1434 demonstrated a manageable safety profile with  
no drug-related serious adverse events and/or dose limiting toxicity in administered  
activity up to 25 kBq/kg body-weight.

